

OPERATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES — LESSONS FROM THE FIELD



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PRESENTERS



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AGENDA

| Background |
|--------------------------------|
| Market and Environment |
| Governance/Leadership/Strategy |
| Productivity Management |
| Revenue Cycle |
| Medicare Cost Report |
| Telehealth |
| Summary |





WHAT IS AN SFOA?

- Strategic Financial and Operational Assessment
- Moderate to High Level Assessment:
 - Market
 - Financial
 - Governance
 - Leadership
 - Productivity Management
 - Revenue Cycle
 - Medicare Cost Report
 - Quality





WHY AN SFOA?

- Increasing financial and operational challenges being encountered in all healthcare settings.
- Various reasons, shapes and sizes:
 - Preventative
 - Crisis Driven
 - Mandated
 - Various funding sources







MARKET AND ENVIRONMENT

DO WE NEED MARKET ANALYSIS? KEY QUESTIONS TO CONSIDER



- Strategic Planning: Do we have the data needed to make informed long-term decisions?
- **Identifying Trends:** Are we staying ahead of shifting patient preferences or industry changes?
- Ongoing Performance Management: Are we tracking the right metrics to measure our success?

External Confidence: Can we leverage market data to secure external support?

DATA INCLUDED IN ASSESSMENT

Hospital Volumes by Zip Code and by Type (IP, OP, Ancillary) Population health program participation data

Analysis of Outmigration of services

Competition analysis

Service area population and characteristics



EVALUATING THE DEMOGRAPHICS OF YOUR SERVICE AREA

Demographic analysis examines the service area, focusing on factors such as age groups, household composition, income levels, education, unemployment rates, and poverty. The images to the right illustrate examples of how this data is typically presented.

PRIMARY SERVICE AREA

| Zip Code City/Town | Service Area |
|----------------------|--------------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | _ |
| | |
| | |
| Primary Service Area | 89% |
| Inmigration: | 11% |
| | 100% |

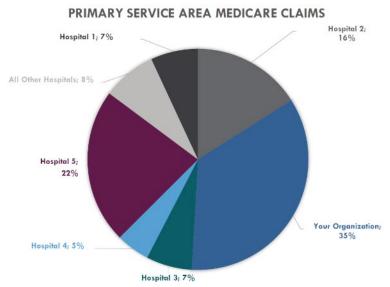
| - | <u>2010</u> | <u>2020</u> | | 2 | <u> 2024</u> | į | <u> 2029</u> |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------|---------|----------|--------------|----------|--------------|
| Population | 7,592 | | 7,452 | | 7,275 | | 7,173 |
| | | ₩ | -4.18% | ₩ | -2.38% | ₩ | -1.40% |
| 65+ | 1,471 | | 1,526 | | 1,617 | | 1,705 |
| | | 1 | 3.74% | 1 | 5.96% | 1 | 5.44% |
| 75+ | 761 | | 653 | | 722 | | 828 |
| | | ₩ | -14.19% | 1 | 10.57% | 1 | 14.68% |
| 85+ | 225 | | 227 | | 233 | | 249 |
| | | 1 | 0.89% | 1 | 2.64% | 1 | 6.87% |
| Females 15 - 44 | 1,185 | | 1,260 | | 1,266 | | 1,256 |
| | | 1 | 6.33% | 1 | 0.48% | ₩ | -0.79% |
| Adults18-65 | 4,376 | | 4,091 | | 3,906 | | 3,796 |
| | | Φ | -6.51% | ♦ | -4.52% | ♦ | -2.82% |

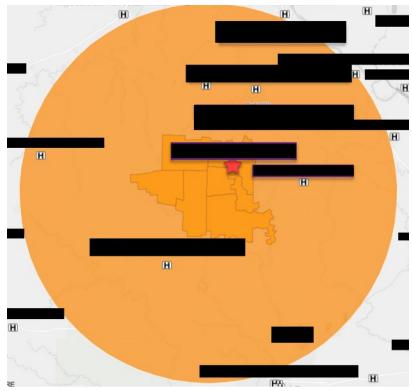




EVALUATING OUT-MIGRATION, MARKET COMPETITION, AND FUTURE VOLUME PROJECTIONS

| Service Line | 2023 Volume | 2028 Volume | 2033 Volume | 5 Yr Growth | 10 Yr Growth |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Cardiology | 9,857 | 10,441 | 10,951 | 5.9% | 11.19 |
| Cosmetic Procedures | 756 | 800 | 866 | 5.7% | 14.59 |
| Dermatology | 4,363 | 4,491 | 4,668 | 2.9% | 7.09 |
| Endocrinology | 211 | 262 | 308 | 24.1% | 46.19 |
| ENT | 3,256 | 3,508 | 3,754 | 7.7% | 15.39 |
| Evaluation and Management | 100,779 | 105,567 | 110,344 | 4.8% | 9.59 |
| Gastroenterology | 2,461 | 2,479 | 2,539 | 0.7% | 3.19 |
| General Surgery | 594 | 612 | 647 | 3.0% | 8.99 |
| Gynecology | 899 | 959 | 1,059 | 6.7% | 17.89 |
| Lab | 43,811 | 47,393 | 50,865 | 8.2% | 16.19 |
| Miscellaneous Services | 21,300 | 22,650 | 24,629 | 6.3% | 15.69 |
| Nephrology | 542 | 573 | 606 | 5.8% | 11.79 |
| Neurology | 1,698 | 1,771 | 1,876 | 4.3% | 10.49 |
| Neurosurgery | 89 | 95 | 107 | 6.3% | 19.89 |
| Obstetrics | 376 | 372 | 373 | -1.3% | -0.99 |
| Oncology | 1,572 | 1,591 | 1,655 | 1.2% | 5.3 |
| Ophthalmology | 9,083 | 9,559 | 10,242 | 5.2% | 12.89 |
| Orthopedics | 3,020 | 3,275 | 3,658 | 8.4% | 21.1 |
| Pain Management | 1,149 | 1,229 | 1,327 | 7.0% | 15.5 |
| Physical Therapy/Rehabilitation | 25,063 | 28,766 | 35,094 | 14.8% | 40.0 |
| Podiatry | 1,618 | 1,578 | 1,592 | -2.5% | -1.6 |
| Psychiatry | 12,771 | 15,458 | 17,123 | 21.0% | 34.1 |
| Pulmonology | 1,393 | 1,340 | 1,274 | -3.8% | -8.6 |
| Radiology | 29,555 | 30,637 | 32,191 | 3.7% | 8.9 |
| Spine | 199 | 224 | 243 | 12.5% | 21.8 |
| Thoracic Surgery | 55 | 55 | 55 | 0.8% | 0.6 |
| Trauma | 752 | 768 | 791 | 2.1% | 5.3 |
| Urology | 1,009 | 973 | 986 | -3.5% | -2.3 |
| Vascular | 1,687 | 1,804 | 1,941 | 6.9% | 15.1 |





HOSPITAL AND CLINIC SERVICES — SERVICE COMPARISON

| A | service and specialty offerings compared to hospitals that are: |
|---------------------|---|
| Asthma Treatment B | (1) within 50-miles of and (2) have market share over 3%. |



HOW TO UTILIZE MARKET ANALYSIS TO DRIVE PERFORMANCE

- **Benchmarking** Identifying where we stand relative to competitors and peers in our region can highlight areas for improvement or untapped opportunities.
- **Strategic Planning:** Conducting market analysis could provide us with the insights necessary to develop strategies that align with future trends, even if those strategies require a significant lead time to implement.
- Identifying Trends: Market research can help us spot emerging trends, allowing us to adapt more quickly and meet evolving demands.
- Ongoing Performance Management: Utilizing market data helps us assess the effectiveness of key performance indicators, ensuring we're on track to meet organizational goals.
- External Confidence: Whether it's for securing funding, building community trust, or attracting partners, understanding market conditions can increase our credibility and help us present a compelling case to external stakeholders.

COMMON FINDINGS

| Patient & | Out-Migration Trends | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Consumer Behavior | Shifts in Patient Preferences | |
| | Demographic Changes | |
| Competitive | Market Share Insights | |
| Landscape | New or Expanding Competitors | |
| | Reputation & Brand Perception | |
| Service Line | High-Demand Services | |
| Performance & Growth | Underutilized or Declining Services | |
| Opportunities | Gaps in Care | |
| External & Industry Trends | Economic & Social Factors | |





GOVERNANCE LEADERSHIP STRATEGY

GOVERNANCE AND LEADERSHIP

- Opportunities to enhance Board engagement and effectiveness:
 - Boards that better reflect the community that is served.
 - Opportunities to promote new perspectives/engagement.
 - Minimal training on current healthcare topics.
- Large spans of control at the CEO level.
- Lack of succession planning.





PRODUCTIVITY

PRODUCTIVITY

- Starts with gathering of productive hours and statistics:
 - Typically, no existing productivity process in place.
 - Challenges encountered in ability to capture data in an efficient and effective manner.
- Productivity viewed from a scarcity versus abundance perspective.
- Significant opportunities to improve processes and productivity.
- Opportunities to enhance hiring and recruiting processes.





SFOA — REVENUE CYCLE ASSESSMENT

What are the components of an SFOA – Revenue Cycle Assessment component?

- Higher level done remotely/virtually:
 - Front end.
 - Mid cycle.
 - Back end.
- Denials analysis utilizing 835s.
- Rely on the data received:
 - Detailed AR aging report.
 - Unbilled report.
 - Current KPIs and corresponding data being monitored and tracked.
- Responses to the department specific questionnaires:
 - Minimal virtual interviews done as needed for follow up on the questionnaires.



FRONT END

FINDINGS

- Eligibility and benefits verification.
- Copay's not being collected.
- Decentralized vs Centralized scheduling.
- Staff not fixing own errors.
- Staffing.

STRATEGIES

- Develop policy and procedure and utilize technology to obtain information.
- Identify potential collection opportunities by day vs what is actually collected.
- Consistent patient experience when scheduling.
- Fix own errors for awareness and education
- Onboarding and training new staff and monthly educational opportunities.

EideBail

MID CYCLE

FINDINGS

- CDM Reviews.
- Charge Capture/Coding reviews.
- Availability of tools and resources.
- Documentation not completed timely.
- New service lines before coding and billing staff is aware.

STRATEGIES

- 3-5 years external CDM review.
- Complete internal and external reviews.
- Ensure coding edit software is being utilized and books as needed.
- Deficiency process in place and being followed.
- Implementation of a new service line process.



BACK END

FINDINGS

- Gaps in skillset:
 - Claims
 - Payer Rejections
 - Follow up Processes
 - Payer billing rules and guidelines
 - Payment posting
- Thrown in before properly trained.

STRATEGIES

- Develop training plan.
- Education on payer billing rules and guidelines:
 - Insurance Matrix
- Develop daily, weekly and monthly expectations.
- Run weekly aging reports:
 - Hot list (high dollar)
 - At risk (approaching timely)



DENIALS COMMON FINDINGS

Lack of data available or not sure how to use the data available

Gaps in processes or lack of a process

Medicare ABN process missing or not being followed

Medical Necessity
Errors

Incorrect or missing insurance:

Not understanding benefits

Root Cause Analysis:

- Lack of accountability when the root cause is identified
- RCA not being completed

Missing Denials

Management

Program/Workgroup



MISCELLANEOUS COMMON FINDINGS

- Compliance concerns:
 - No Surprises Act/Good Faith Estimates
 - Financial Assistance Policy
 - Price Transparency
- Policy and procedures typed and available to staff.
- Provider credentialing and enrollment:
 - Errors in the submitted paperwork
 - Provider not approved prior to providing services
- Technology not being utilized as intended.
- Lack of training and development for staff.
- Cross department communication:
 - Take down the silos







MEDICARE COST REPORT



MEDICARE COST REPORT

- Opportunities:
 - ER availability time studies.
 - Overhead allocation.
 - PSR revenue matching.
 - Proper departmental expense.
 - Service line profitability.





TELEHEALTH

- Increased activity during COVID PHE:
 - Decreasing to complete elimination post COVIC PHE.
- Originating Site Fee creates challenges.
- Opportunities to better integrate telehealth into the strategic plan.



CLOSING THOUGHTS



CLOSING THOUGHTS

- Challenges will continue to exist in the rural healthcare setting.
- Opportunities to improve performance exists.
- SFOAs (internally or externally)
 provide an avenue to identify
 potential opportunities.
- A change in outcomes requires a change in action.
- Time is off the essence.

QUESTIONS?



THANK YOU!

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CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS